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SIHANOUK IN EAST EUROPE: December 1975

HISTORY OF THE VIETNAM WAR ON MICROFILM

## CAMBODIA'S SIHANOUK ARRIVES FOR VISIT

Tirana Domestic Service in Albanian 1900 GMT 9 Dec 75 AU

[Summary] Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, chief of state and chairman of the NUFC, and his entourage arrived in our country today at the invitation of Haxhi Lleshi, chairman of the Presidium of the People's Assembly, and Mehmet Shehu, chairman of the Council of Ministers, for a friendly visit to the Albanian People's Republic.

Rinas Airport was decorated with flags of both countries and slogans welcoming the guests from Cambodia. Two large portraits of Comrade Enver Hoxha and Samdech Norodom Sihanouk were hung on the central building of the airport. Hundreds of people had gone to the airport to welcome the guests from Cambodia.

The aircraft touched down at 1530 hours. Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and his wife Princess Monique descended from the airport. Haxhi Lleshi, chairman of the Presidium of the People's Assembly; Mehmet Shehu, party Central Committee Politburo member and chairman of the Council of Ministers; Adil Carcani, member of the Politburo and first deputy chairman of the Council of Ministers; Rita Marko, Politburo member and chairman of the Central Council of the Albanian Trade Unions; Shefqet Peci, vice chairman of the Presidium of the People's Assembly; Comrade Fiqrete Shehu; and Nesti Nase, minister of foreign affairs approached the aircraft. They met the guests from Cambodia and welcomed them."

Samdech Norodom Sihanouk is accompanied by Sarin Chhak, member of the NFUC Central Committee Politburo and RGNUC minister of foreign affairs; (Kehak Son), candidate member of the NFUC Central Committee Politburo, and other officials.

A group of Pioneers presented flowers to the Cambodian guests. The band then played the national anthems of both countries. Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, accompanied by Comrades Haxhi Lleshi and Mehmet Shehu, reviewed the guard of honor.

The guests from Cambodia then met members of the party Central Committee, the Presidium of the People's Assembly and the government, including diplomatic officials accredited to Albania. While Samdech Norodom Sihanouk was walking with Haxhi Lleshi and Mehmet Shehu, the people were applauding. Welcoming him to Albania, "the people expressed congratulations to the guest from Cambodia on the great victory achieved by the Cambodian people in their heroic struggle against U.S. imperialism and its puppets, headed by Lon Nol. [applause] On this occasion, the Albanian people once again express their confidence that the Cambodian people, closely united, will successfully march on the road they have initiated, (immediately) heal the wounds caused by the war and build a free and independent Cambodia. The Albanian people will always be on the side of the Cambodian people because both our peoples are linked by a profound friendship which has continually been strengthened."

## Meeting With Hoxha, Others

Tirana ATA in English 1823 GMT 9 Dec 75 LD

[Text] Tirana, December 9 ATA--Comrade Enver Hoxha, first secretary of the CC of the Party of Labour of Albania met Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, head of state and chairman of the National United Front of Cambodia, Princess Monique Sihanouk, and others [words indistinct] personalities at the seat of the CC of the party.

## ROMANIA LIBERA ON ROMANIAN ROLE IN DISARMAMENT

Bucharest AGERPRES in English 0945 GMT 10 Dec 75 LD

[Text] Bucharest, 10 Dec, AGERPRES--Emphasizing insistently the untiring activity deployed by Romania on a world plane for the settlement of the complex disarmament issue, first of all nuclear disarmament, daily ROMANIA LIBERA writes in its today issue: The firm and principled stand of Romania on this key issue of contemporaneity has concretized along the years in numerous initiatives outlined at various international forums, the UN in the first place, initiatives materialized in concrete proposals, such as the proclamation of the "disarmament decade" (1971-1980), "economic and social consequences of arming and its profoundly harmful effects on world peace and security".

From this angle, the important Romanian foreign policy document concerning disarmament, a document recently disseminated at the UN and submitted to world public opinion, represents in a way the natural corollary of the steadfast and multilateral activity deployed by Romania along many years in this domain of vital importance for the future of many years in this domain of vital importance for the future of mankind. Received with keen interest by political circles in numerous world countries, by world public opinion, the Romanian document sets out from the reason the the loftiest duty of the governments of all states to their own peoples, to the cause of civilization and progress is to overtly show the danger spelt by the continuation of the arms race, to act until it is not too late, for the adoption and realization of firm measures in this domain, in harmony with the aspirations for peace, freedom and welfare of all peoples. To this end, stress is being laid on the urgent need for a firm intervention from the world peoples, from world public opinion, for starting a wide-embracing and efficient process of halting the arms race, of removing the so far disarmament negotiations from the deadlock, of adopting and carrying through measures and concrete commitments, elaborated with the participation on equal footing, of all states, and compulsory to all states.

Stressing Socialist Romania's firm determination to most energetically work for disarmament, nuclear disarmament first of all, for the establishment of genuine peace, the commentary reads in conclusion. The document expresses at the same time the whole Romanian people's unflinching willingness to participate with all its forces in this noble action and to collaborate in close unity to this end with the peoples of all world countries.

## CSSR SUPPORTS FINNISH ATOM-FREE ZONE RESOLUTION

Prague RUDE PRAVO in Czech 2 Dec 75 p 7 AU

[CTK report: "CSSR Stand on Atom-Free Zones"]

[Text] The CSSR Government supports the idea of atom-free zones as an additional instrument for strengthening the valid regime of nonproliferation treaty of 1970, the CSSR delegate Ambassador Dr Ilja Hulinsky stated in the Political and Security Committee on Monday.

He said the CSSR delegation supported the initiative of Finland at last year's UN General Assembly, [an initiative] which led to the preparation of a detailed paper by experts on the problems of nuclear weapons-free zones.

The CSSR delegation therefore supports the Finnish draft resolution recommending that all all governments and interested international organizations submit their view and recommendation concerning the experts paper, on the basis of which the general secretary could prepare a report for the next UN General Assembly session.

## Lleshi Speech

Tirana ATA in English 0927 GMT 10 Nov 75 LD

[The Speech of Comrade Raxhi Lleshi--ATA headline]

[Text] Tirana, 10 Dec, ATA--Respected Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and Madame Sihanouk, respected Cambodian friends, comrades and friends,

It is a special pleasure for us all and for our people to have again among us the respected representatives of the fraternal Cambodian people, the head of state and chairman of the National United Front of Cambodia Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and Madame Sihanouk, as well as the respected personalities accompanying them, who have come for a friendly visit in our country. This visit gladdens us very much because it is paid at a time when the heroic Cambodian people have crowned with full success their armed struggle against the U.S. imperialist aggressors and their lackeys and are now working and struggling (tirelessly) to strengthen and safeguard the achieved victories, to reconstruct and flourish the country, to build a free, prosperous, powerful and independent Cambodia. On this occasion, on behalf of the Presidium of the People's Assembly and of the Government of the PR of Albania, I wish the respected Cambodian friends welcome in our country and express them the ardent congratulations and feelings of fraternal friendship of the Albanian people.

The great historic victory of April 17, this year, was the successful crowning of the heroic struggle the Cambodian people and their people's armed forces achieved, under the leadership of the National United Front of Cambodia and of the Royal Government of the National Union of Cambodia, waged for 5 years on end against the U.S. imperialist aggressors and their stooges. Through the achievement of this victory the lofty national aspirations of the Cambodian people have been put into reality and brilliant perspectives have been opened to the progress and flourishing of their homeland. The Lon Nol puppet regime was overthrown and the new power that emerged from the heat of the leadership people's armed struggle was established far and wide Cambodia completely liberated from the U.S. imperialists and traitors to the country. [passage as received]

Since that day a new life, the epoch of a really free, independent and sovereign Cambodia began for the entire Cambodian people and your country.

The historic victory of the Cambodian people against U.S. imperialism was another brilliant demonstration of the triumph of the people's war over the aggressive strategy of imperialism, a great example that showed that a people however small in numbers they may be, when guided by the lofty ideals of freedom and independence and are fully determined in their just cause and correct road, can come out triumphant even over enemies many times greater in numbers and more powerful. The myth of the invincibility of U.S. imperialism was buried in Cambodia. The high militant spirit of the Cambodian people and their unflinching determination to fight and win against the greatest and most hated enemy of the peoples, the USA, are a great example and source of inspiration of the freedom living peoples of the world in their struggle for freedom, national independence and sovereignty against imperialism, social imperialism and reaction.

After the historic victory of the Cambodian people and of the Vietnamese people and the essential transformations that took place far and wide [in] Southeast Asia, a new situation has been created in that area now.

Attending was also Pech Bunreth, ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary of the Kingdom of Cambodia to the PR of Albania.

Attending were Haxhi Lleshi, president of the Presidium of the People's Assembly of [words indistinct] (Mehmet Shehu), member of the Political Bureau of the CC of the PLA and chairman of the Council of Ministers of the PR of Albania, the members of the Political Bureau and secretaries of the [words indistinct] party Haki Toska, Hekuran Isai, Ramiz Alia, the member of the Political Bureau of the CC of the party and the first vice-chairman of the Council of Ministers of the PR of Albania Adil Carcani, the member of the Political Bureau of the CC of the party and vice-chairman of the Council of Ministers of the PR of Albania Spiro Koleka, the member of the Political Bureau of the CC of the party and president of the Central Council of ATU Rita Marko, the vice-president of the Presidium of the People's Assembly of the PR of Albania Shefqet Peci, [words indistinct] CC of the party Nexhmije Hoxha and Fiqrete Shehu, the foreign minister Nesti Nase and the director of the foreign department of the CC of the party, Piro Biti [as received].

The outstanding Cambodian friends were accompanied by the vice-foreign minister Ksenofon Nushi.

The meeting, in which a warm conversation took place, was permeated by a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

#### Tirana Reception

Tirana Domestic Service in Albanian 2100 GMT 9 Dec 75 AU

[Text] The People's Assembly Presidium and the Council of Ministers of the Albanian People's Republic tonight gave a reception at the brigades palace in honor of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, chief of state and chairman of NUFC. Also attending were Princess Monique Sihanouk and other high-level Cambodian officials.

Participating in the reception were Enver Hoxha, first secretary of the AWP Central Committee; Haxhi Lleshi, chairman of the People's Assembly Presidium; Mehmet Shehu, chairman of the Council of Ministers; Comrades Adil Carcani, Haki Toska, Hekuran Isai, Kadri Hasbiu, Mamush Myftiu, Pali Miska, Ramiz Alia, Rita Marko, Spiro Koleka, Llambi Gegprifti, Pilo Peristeri, Piro Dodbiba, Qirjako Mihalj and Khafer Spahiu; Petro Dode, deputy chairman of the Council of Ministers and chairman of the State Planning Commission; Shefqet Peci, vice chairman of the People's Assembly Presidium; Iljas Reka, chairman of the People's Assembly; members of the People's Assembly Presidium and the government; representatives of the mass organizations and other guests. Also attending were Pech Bunreth, ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary of the Cambodian Kingdom to the Albanian People's Republic, other staff members of Cambodian Embassy and heads and officials of diplomatic representations accredited to our country.

During the reception, which took place in a cordial and friendly atmosphere, Haxhi Lleshi, chairman of the People's Assembly Presidium, and Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, chief of state and chairman of NUFC, spoke. A concert was then performed in honor of the guests.

The further successes of the Cambodian people on their road for the construction of a new, free, independent, sovereign and prosperous Cambodia.

The unbreakable fraternal friendship and militant solidarity binding our two peoples and our two countries.

The health of the head of state and chairman of the National United Front of Cambodia, Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and Madame Sihanouk.

The Royal Government of the National Union of Cambodia and the health of its Chairman Samdech Penn Nouth.

The health of all the respected Cambodian friends.

The health of all those present.

#### Sihanouk Speech

Tirana ATA in English 0927 GMT 10 Dec 75 LD

[The speech of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk--ATA headline]

[Text] Tirana, 10 Dec, ATA--Very respected Your Excellency Mister Enver Hoxha, first secretary of the CC of the PLA and Lady Hoxha.

Respected Your Excellency Mister Haxhi Lleshi, president of the Presidium of the People's Assembly of the PR of Albania,

Respected Your Excellency Mister Mehmet Shehu, chairman of the Council of Ministers of the PR of Albania and Lady Shehu,

Excellencies, ladies and gentlemen, dear friends,

It is with a great emotion and profound joy to find myself again in the fold of the glorious People's Republic of Albania, amidst its heroic people and close to their outstanding leaders, and to extend to them the most cordial, the warmest and most respected greetings of the people, National United Front, of the People's Armed Forces for National Liberation and of the Royal Government of the National Union of Cambodia, finally liberated from the clutches of U.S. aggressive imperialism and from the rotten and traitorous Lon Nol fascist clique, liberated after 5 years of merciless war imposed by the enemies of our homeland, and which the Cambodian patriots have met with a sublime heroism in the armed struggle they waged far and wide the country, without accepting even the slightest compromise with the enemies.

The Cambodian people, the National United Front of Cambodia, their People's Armed Forces of the National Liberation of Cambodia and the Royal Government of the National Union of Cambodia sent me close to you to fervently hail the PR of Albania and to dedicate to it our final victory, that is the most glorious one of our 2000 year national history, that is fully yours too, because since the first day of our sacred war till its successful conclusion, the People's Albania, its leader full of prestige and very beloved, His Excellency Enver Hoxha, its people and government, have given us immediately an unreserved support, an allround aid and their militant solidarity of extreme importance, that was brilliantly manifested in all the circumstances and on all the international arenas, especially at the UNO.



Due to their people's armed struggle, the peoples of Cambodia, Vietnam and Laos who enjoyed the boundless aid and backing of the great Chinese people and of the PR of China, the sure rearline of the great front of their struggle for national salvation, the support and internationalists solidarity of the peoples of the world, managed to oust the U.S. imperialists from their country and overthrow the local reactionary cliques.

The Albanian people, their party and government have powerfully and unreservedly supported since the beginning the just struggle of the fraternal, Cambodian, Vietnamese and Laotian peoples. The relations of the fraternal friendship and militant solidarity between our two peoples and two countries tempered and strengthened as never before in the stormy years of the struggle of the Cambodian people against the U.S. imperialist aggressors and the traitors to the country. The Albanian-Cambodian friendship is a pure friendship, a friendship of the peoples, in the foundations of which the common interests lie.

The visits the head of state and chairman of the National United Front of Cambodia, Samdech Norodom Sihanouk paid in this country as well as the visit of the Cambodian delegation, with leader the vice-premier of the Royal Government of the National Union of Cambodia and commander-in-chief of the People's Armed Forces of the National Liberation of Cambodia, Mister Khieu Samphan last April constitute an outstanding contribution to the strengthening of the relations of the fraternal friendship and militant solidarity between our two peoples and two countries. The talks held in a cordial and friendly atmosphere and spirit of complete mutual understanding during these visits and the important documents adopted on these occasions, constitute a sound basis, on which the relations of the close fraternal friendship and collaboration between our two peoples and two countries have developed and will develop.

You have come in our country, respected Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, at a time when our entire people have just magnificently commemorated the great November festivals and are now mobilized to honourably carry out the tasks of the Fifth Five Year Plan set by the sixth congress of our Party of Labour. Resolutely and consistently abiding by the principle of the construction of socialism self-reliantly and holding the pick in one hand and the rifle in the other, our people, under the leadership of the PIA with the beloved leader of our people, Comrade Enver Hoxha at the head, have achieved successive successes in all fields of life.

During your stay in this country, you will have the chance to get closely acquainted with the progress our people have made on the road of socialism and their struggle in safeguarding and consolidation of the achieved victories. At the same time, you will witness once more the profound feeling of the militant friendship our entire people cherish for the fraternal Cambodian people. We are convinced, respected Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, that the friendly visit you are paying now in our country will be a new contribution to the incessant strengthening of the fraternal friendship and the militant solidarity between the Albanian people and the Cambodian people. It will mark another step forward on the road of the development and extension of the fraternal relations and collaboration between our two countries, for their common good and of their struggle against the hegemonistic policy of the two superpowers, against colonialism, neocolonialism and reaction.

Once more expressing to the respected friends from heroic Cambodia welcome in our homeland, allow me to toast to:

The great victory of historic importance and fraternal Cambodian people achieved in their heroic struggle against the U.S. imperialists, aggressors and traitors to the country.

The Cambodian people and their national resistance will never forget that the PR of Albania has constantly and energetically raised its voice on the international arenas to defend the just cause of our Cambodia, victim of the most cruel, sanguinary and unjustifiable aggression, of the aggression of U.S. imperialism, that shamelessly publicly announced that a civil war was allegedly waged in Cambodia.

But at the beginning of 1975, as the People's Albania has made it clear to the world, finally, the truth of the war in Cambodia was revealed. For as long as the Americans intervened directly militarily against us, the struggle lasted 5 years.

On April 12, 1975, the U.S. imperialists had to admit the defeat the patriotic Cambodian people inflicted on them and left Phom Penh with helicopters, because the airfield of our capital was in the hands of our armed forces of the national liberation.

Once the U.S. bosses abandoned the 200,000 Lon Nol soldiers and officers, though equipped with "sophisticated" arms, they resisted but 4 days the people's army. This [word indistinct] that the war in Cambodia was not a civil war and that without the direct and constant interference of the USA during the 5 years, (from March 1970 till the beginning of April 1975), the clique of the traitor Lon Nol could not have lived more than some weeks in face of the powerful attacks of the Cambodian people.

Very respected Your Excellency, Mister Enver Hoxha,

Respected Excellencies, ladies and gentlemen, Dear Friends.

When we arrived in Tirana today, in the afternoon, you and the great Albanian people, extended to us, the Cambodians, a warm and very friendly welcome.

The glorious People's Albania welcomed us as brothers and comrades-in-arms. Today in the afternoon, as well as today in the evening, it is welcoming us as heralds and representatives of the Cambodian people--triumphant over U.S. imperialism. We wholeheartedly thank you for this.

Allow us on this happy occasion, to extend you on behalf of all Cambodia the warmest and most admirable congratulations on the great and numerous successes the extremely valiant, industrious and intelligent Albanian people have achieved on all the field of the socialist construction of the country, under the farsighted and dynamic leadership of their very beloved leader, his excellency Enver Hoxha and of their Party of Labour. The Albanian people met the 63rd anniversary of national independence and the 31st anniversary of the liberation of homeland, with great magnificent and inspiring successes reaching the targets of the five year plan ahead of the time limit brilliantly and in the majority of sectors.

The Cambodian people immeasurably rejoice at and are very proud of your new victories. They consider them as their own victories because such victories brilliantly serve the successes of our common struggle against the forces of injustice and aggression and against the other forces of the evil constantly menacing the small peoples and countries and that fight against countries and peoples as People's Albania and Cambodia, that allegedly set a "bad example" to the others, as they persistently and resolutely implement a policy of independence, dignity and self reliance, never fall into the trap of the interested "donators" and are impressed neither by "the carrot" nor "the stick", the imperialists and other evil forces brandish.



Since the day of its final liberation, on April 17, 1975, Cambodia, immeasurably encouraged by the brilliant victories of the Albanian revolution, is confidently and enthusiastically working to heal the grave wounds of war and to build a prosperous and independent economy, agriculture and industry, creating at the same time a new society without exploited and exploiters, without the rich and the poor, where the state guarantees to all, men and women, the same rights and duties, the same commodities (food, clothing, medical assistance, people's education, etc.)

Through its brilliant example, the People's Albania strengthens our conviction, that following a direct revolutionary and socialist line, and working persistently methodically, even a country, however small and poor in natural riches, (especially in minerals), can perfectly march onward at gigantic strides on the road of social, economic, technological and scientific development. Science and technology of present Albania have made great progress. This development permits a sure and powerful industrialisation and a fast rate and effective modernization of the national agriculture.

The Cambodian people are enthusiastically inspired by your historic victory.

Very respected, Your Excellency Mister Enver Hoxha.

Allow me to say how honoured, happy and proud I feel, when Your Excellency, very outstanding and very beloved leader of the Albanian people, met me an hour ago. You met me with a love, fraternal spirit and friendly feelings that I cannot describe.

Your so much noble words, that raise high the great importance and international and human value of the war, of the sacrifices and unprecedented victory of the Cambodian people, that had to face the most cruel and powerful imperialism of all times, will remain always engraved in the memory of all the patriots, members of the national resistance of Cambodia. Those who charged me to present their most respected, admiring and grateful greetings, will [be] very enthused.

Your Excellency is not only a great hero of Albania, but also of all the peoples, who as our two peoples, are fighting and will fight always for the ideals of the freedom, justice, peace and progress.

Allow me, Your Excellency, to wish you and your very respected lady, full health, very long life and allround happiness, that is joined with the happiness of all the Albanian people and with the magnificence of the Albanian homeland.

Allow me, Your Excellency, to wish good health and a long life to all your close comrades-in-arms, to the comrades and collaborators present here, beginning with His Excellency, Minister President of the Presidium Haxhi Lleshi, His Excellency Mister Chairman of the Council of Ministers Mehmet Shehu as well as good health to Lady Shehu, and all the gentlemen and ladies of the diplomatic corps and all the friends present.

Long live the PR of Albania,

Long live the Albanian people,

Long live the friendship and solidarity binding closely and forever the Cambodian people and the Albanian people.

## Visit to Exhibition

Tirana ATA in English 1240 GMT 10 Dec 75 LD

[Text] Tirana, December 10 (ATA)--Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, head of state and chairman of the National United Front of Cambodia, his wife Princess Monique Sihanouk and his party visited "Albania Today" exhibition, today before noon.

In this visit the outstanding Cambodian friends were accompanied by the member of the Political Bureau of the CC of the party and Vice-Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the PR of Albania Spiro Koleka, the vice-president of the General Council of Albanian Women's Union Maska Boro, the vice-foreign Minister Reis Malile.

The entrance of the exhibition, the high ranking representatives of the fraternal Cambodia people were welcomed by the Minister of Light Food Stuffs Industry Myqerem Fuga and the chairman of the Executive Committee Tirana District People's Council Ndue Hrashti.

The manager of the exhibition Anastas Gdeshti spoke to the Cambodian friends of the impetuous development of various branches of our people's economy, engineering, power industries, the textile, food stuffs, mining and geological industries, of the successes in agriculture, education, culture, etc.

During his visit in the exhibition Samdech Norodom Sihanouk expressed once more his enthusiasm about the great successes our country had achieved over the 31 years under the leadership of the PLA with Comrade Enver Hoxha at the head.

## Education Ministry Gives Concert

Tirana Domestic Service in Albanian 1900 GMT 10 Dec 75 AU

[Excerpts] On the occasion of the friendly visit of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, chief of state and chairman of the NUFC, to the Albanian People's Republic, the Ministry of Education and Culture tonight arranged a concert at the opera-ballet hall. Pech Bunreth, ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary of the Kingdom of Cambodia to the Albanian People's Republic, and other staff members of the Cambodian Embassy, were also present. Workers from Tirana work and production centers, men of art and culture, servicemen, representatives of the mass organizations and central departments and other guests attended.

Haxhi Lleshi, chairman of the Presidium of the People's Assembly of the Albanian People's Republic; Mehmet Shehu, party Central Committee Politburo member and chairman of the Council of Ministers of the Albanian People's Republic; Ramiz Alia, Politburo member and secretary of the party Central Committee; Spiro Koleka, party Central Committee Politburo member and deputy chairman of the Council of Ministers of the Albanian People's Republic; Rita Marko, party Central Committee Politburo member and chairman of the Central Council of the Albanian Trade Unions; Fati Miska, party Central Committee Politburo member and minister of industry and mines; Xhafer Spahiu, candidate member of the Central Committee Politburo and deputy chairman of the Council of Ministers of the Albanian People's Republic; Shefqet Peci, vice chairman of the People's Assembly Presidium; Comrade Fiqrete Shoku; Nesti Mase, minister of foreign affairs; Thoma Beljani, minister of education and culture; and members of the People's Assembly Presidium and the Government of the Albanian People's Republic also attended.

## ZHIVKOV RETURNS FROM POLISH PARTY CONGRESS

Sofia Domestic Service in Bulgarian 1430 GMT 10 Dec 75 AU

[Text] The BCP delegation led by Todor Zhivkov, first secretary of the BCP Central Committee and chairman of the State Council, has returned home. At the invitation of the PZPR Central Committee, the delegation had attended the Seventh PZPR Congress.

At Sofia airport the delegation was cordially welcomed by Stanko Todorov, Boris Velchev, Grisha Filipov, Ivan Mikhaylov, Ivan Popov, Pencho Kubadinski, Petur Tanchev, Tano Tsolov, Tsola Dragoycheva, Dobri Dzhurov, Peko Takov, Petur Mladenov, Stoyan Karadzhov, Ivan Prumov, Konstantin Tellalov, Penyu Kiratsov, Vladimir Bonev, Georgi Bokov, Georgi Yordanov, Sava Dulbokov and others.

## NEW DEPUTY POWER MINISTER APPOINTED

Sofia RABOTNICHESKO DELO in Bulgarian 9 Dec 75 p 2 AU

[Text] The State Council has issued a decree on the appointment of Todor Dimitrov Baygunov to the post of deputy minister of power supply.

## ALBANIAN-BULGARIAN TRADE PROTOCOL SIGNED

Sofia BTA in English 1844 GMT 5 Dec 75 LD

[Text] Sofia, December 5 (BTA)--Today Bulgaria and Albania signed here a 1976 trade protocol. The document was signed by the deputy minister of foreign trade of Bulgaria, Mr Vladimir Gruncharov, and the deputy foreign trade minister of Albania, Mr Marco Dzega.

## BCP SENDS DOLORES IBARRURI BIRTHDAY GREETINGS

Sofia RABONITCHESKO DELO in Bulgarian 9 Dec 75 p 1 AU

[Text] The BCP Central Committee has sent the following telegram to Dolores Ibarruri, chairman of the Spanish Communist Party:

Dear Comrade Ibarruri, on the occasion of your 80th birthday the BCP Central Committee conveys to you most sincere fraternal greetings.

The Bulgarian communists are well acquainted with your heroic life, linked from your early youth with the actions of the Spanish communists and working people, a life which has become a symbol of the struggle against Francoism and fascism, for the bright socialist future of the Spanish people. We highly appreciate your work for the propagation of the ideas of Marxism-Leninism and for the consolidation of the unity of the workers and communist movement.

We wish you, dear Comrade Ibarruri, health and vigor so that you may work for many years as selflessly as ever for the triumph of the great communist cause.

## FOREIGN TRADE MINISTER RECEIVES CSSR AWARD

Sofia Domestic Service in Bulgarian 2030 GMT 9 Dec 75 AU

[Text] Czechoslovak Charge d'Affaires ad interim to Bulgaria Alois (?Nilken) tonight presented "the 30th Victory Anniversary" jubilee medal to Foreign Trade Minister Ivan Nedev. The latter was honored with the Czechoslovak distinction for his great services in developing and strengthening the fraternal relations and cooperation between the two people.

#### SIHANOUK, CAMBODIAN OFFICIALS ARRIVE

[Editorial Report AU] Bucharest Domestic Service in Romanian at 0943 GMT on 11 December begins a live relay from Otopeni Airport on the arrival in Romania of Prince Norodom Sihanouk and his wife, Princess Monique Sihanouk. According to the announcer, President Ceausescu, Elena Ceausescu and "other officials" have come to the airport to welcome the guests. The airport displays the national colors of the two states and portraits of Nicolae Ceausescu and of Norodom Sihanouk. An honor guard presents arms and the national anthems of the two countries are played. The announcer adds that the two heads of state review the honor guard, then the officials present are introduced to the guests.

According to the announcer, Sihanouk is accompanied by Sarin Chhak, member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the National United Front of Cambodia [NUFC] and minister of foreign affairs, Chea San, member of the Political Bureau of NUFC Central Committee, [title as heard] and other officials.

After the welcoming ceremony, at which no speeches were exchanged, the live relay ends at 1000.

## SIHANOUK LED CAMBODIAN DELEGATION DEPARTS

Tirana Domestic Service in Albanian 1330 GMT 11 Dec 75 AU

[Excerpt] Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, chief of state and chairman of the National United Front of Cambodia [NUFC], and his wife, Princess Monique Sihanouk, who had paid a friendly visit to Albania at the invitation of Haxhi Lleshi, Presidium chairman of the People's Assembly of the People's Republic of Albania, and Mehmet Shehu, chairman of the Council of Ministers, left Albania this morning. Samdech Norodom Sihanouk was accompanied by Sarin Chhak, member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the NUFC and minister of foreign affairs of the Royal Government of the National Union of Cambodia [RGNUC]; Keath Chhon, alternate member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the NUFC, and other personalities.

Rinas Airport was once again nicely adorned. There prevails an atmosphere of friendship and [word indistinct] with the fraternal Cambodian people. Red banners are waving. Large portraits of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, chief of state and chairman of the NUFC, as well as of Enver Hoxha, the beloved leader of our party and people, and the national flags of both our countries adorn the main facade of the airport building. The profound friendship and militant solidarity expressed by the people of Tirana to the high Cambodian representatives during their friendly visit to our country, is again reflected in the slogans adorning the airport. These slogans hail the NUFC and its leader, Samdech Norodom Sihanouk; the brilliant and historic victory of the fraternal Cambodian people; the militant Albanian-Cambodian friendship; and the AWP Central Committee led by Comrade Enver Hoxha. Slogans in the Albanian and Khmer languages bid farewell to the distinguished Cambodian guests.

Hundreds of workers from work and production centers, central departments and institutions, representatives of mass organizations, leaders and other cadres from cultural, artistic, education and scientific institutions, as well as young people, schoolchildren and students, have also gathered at the airport to bid them farewell and to express once again their profound love and respect for the heroic Cambodian people. They are holding small national flags of both countries.

Also present at the airport were Haxhi Lleshi, Presidium chairman of the People's Assembly of the People's Republic of Albania; Mehmet Shehu, AWP Central Committee Politburo member and chairman of the Council of Ministers; Adil Carcani, member of the AWP Central Committee Politburo and first deputy chairman of the Council of Ministers; Rita Marko, member of the AWP Central Committee Politburo and chairman of the Central Council of Albanian Trade Unions; Shefqet Peci, deputy chairman of the Presidium of the People's Assembly; Iluaz Reka, chairman of the People's Assembly; Comrade Fiqret Shehu; Foreign Minister Nesti Nase; and Presidium members of the People's Assembly and of the government; Pech Bunreth, ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary of the Kingdom of Cambodia, and other officials of the embassy, were also present at the airport, as well as heads and officials of diplomatic missions accredited to the People's Republic of Albania.

The friendly visit made to Albania by Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, chief of state and chairman of the NUFC, and the greetings which he brought to the People's Republic of Albania on behalf of the Cambodian people, the NUFC and the Armed Popular Liberation Forces of Cambodia, for the unreserved support and aid given them in their just struggle for the country's liberation from the U.S. imperialist and the Lon Nol clique, were an expression of the revolutionary friendship binding our two countries and people, a friendship which is being strengthened daily.



## GDR DELEGATE CRITICIZES NATO AT MBFR TALKS

East Berlin Voice of the GDR Domestic Service in German 1500 GMT 11 Dec 75 LD

[Text] At Thursday's plenary meeting of the Vienna talks on the mutual reduction of armed forces and arms in central Europe the leader of the GDR delegation, ambassador Ingo Oeser, spoke out in favor of striving consistently toward the concrete aims agreed upon in the preliminary consultations.

He said that the fundamental principles of the talks were indivisibly linked with the mutual reduction of armed forces and arms in central Europe. This included the undiminished security of all participants, the mutual nature of the reductions and the equality of the obligations accepted. The proposals of the socialist states were also based on the principle that all participants undertake at the same time the obligation to reduce their ground and air forces, as well as their nuclear units.

Ambassador Oeser criticized the stand adopted by the NATO states so far. He said that in their negotiations the NATO states want to bypass the aims agreed upon. He called on them to respond at long last in a positive way to the realistic and accomodating initiatives by the socialist states.

## NEW NATO MBFR PROPOSAL NOT 'APPROPRIATE'

Budapest Domestic Service in Hungarian 0700 GMT 14 Dec 75 LD

[Csaba Kiss dispatch on meeting of NATO Ministerial Council]

[Excerpt] Brussels--The new NATO proposal [for the withdrawal of U.S. and Soviet troops and arms from central Europe] is 'quite obviously disproportionate. The common platform mentioned by Genscher seeks to keep the armed forces of the two sides at the same strength. The socialist countries have already stated that this should not be considered the immediate objective of the Vienna force reduction talks.

The value of the proposal is further diminished by the fact that the missile delivery craft to be withdrawn include (Pershing) and Phantom aircraft which are for the most part obsolescent weapons. The U.S. Congress is, however, pressing very firmly for a considerable reduction in the number of U.S. tactical nuclear weapons in Europe and has even reached a decision on this, though it is not final.

The inclusion of the nuclear element in the Vienna force reduction talks is, undoubtedly, a positive step. The socialist countries stressed earlier that this is necessary. The proposal made in Brussels, however, is far from being realistic and even if it marks a change in the former rigidly negative attitude, it is still not appropriate or fully acceptable. Yet this decision was a major step at last week's series of discussions by the NATO Ministerial Council.

In other respects the Atlantic alliance has not made any notable progress. The central theme of the talks was East-West relations after Helsinki. The members of the Atlantic alliance gave no sign of any serious desire to go ahead in this field.

## SIHANOUK ARRIVES IN ALBANIA FOR VACATION

Tirana ATA in English 1245 GMT 13 Dec 75 ID

[Text] Tirana, December 14, ATA--Today the head of state and chairman of the National United Front of Cambodia, Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, and his wife, Princess Monique Sihanouk, arrived in Albania for vacations.

The head of state of Cambodia, Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, is accompanied by the member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the National United Front of Cambodia, the foreign minister of the Royal Government of the National Union of Cambodia, Sarin Chhak; the alternate member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the National United Front of Cambodia, Keath Chhon, and other personalities.

The respected Cambodian friends were welcomed by the president of the Presidium of the People's Assembly, Haxhi Lleshi, the first vice chairman of the Council of Ministers, Adil Carcani, the vice-president of the Presidium of the People's Assembly, Shefqet Peci, the foreign minister, Nesti Nase, etc.

Present on the occasion were also the ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary of the Kingdom of Cambodia to the People's Republic of Albania, Pech Burri, and other embassy officials.

A group of young Pioneers presented the friends with bouquets of flowers.

Honored at Dinner

Tirana Domestic Service in Albanian 2100 GMT 15 Dec 75 AU

[Text] A friendly dinner was given at the Brigades Palace tonight in honor of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and his wife Princess Monique Sihanouk; Sarin Chhak, Politburo member of the Central Committee of the National United Front of Cambodia [NUFC] and minister of foreign affairs of the Royal Government of the National Union of Cambodia [RGNUC]; Keath Chhon, candidate Politburo member of the NUFC Central Committee, and other personalities on the occasion of their departure from our country.

Participating at the dinner were Haxhi Lleshi, chairman of the Presidium of the People's Assembly of the Albanian People's Republic; Mehmet Shehu, party Central Committee Politburo member and chairman of the Council of Ministers; Comrades Adil Carcani, Kadri Hazbiu, Manush Myftiu and Pali Miska; Shefqet Peci, vice chairman of the People's Assembly Presidium; Comrade Fiqrete Shehu; Nesti Nase, minister of foreign affairs; and members of the People's Assembly Presidium and the government.

During the dinner, which took place in a cordial and friendly atmosphere, Comrade Mehmet Shehu and Samdech Norodom Sihanouk proposed toasts.

Received by Hoxha

Tirana Domestic Service in Albanian 1900 GMT 15 Dec 75 AU

[Text] Enver Hoxha, first secretary of the party Central Committee, today received Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, chief of state and chairman of the NUFC, on the occasion of his departure from our country.

## RUDE PRAVO CRITICIZES NEW NATO MBFR PROPOSAL

Prague RUDE PRAVO in Czech 15 Dec 75 p 5 AU

[Miroslav Kubin Bonn dispatch in the column "The World and the Times": "A 'Unique' Proposal"]

[Text] After the winter meeting of the NATO defense ministers, the NATO Ministerial Council--its members consist of the ministers of foreign affairs--convened on Thursday and Friday in Brussels. From their session emerged what they themselves have called a "unique", never-to-be-repeated proposal. Allegedly this will provide the extraordinary opportunity to achieve progress in the Vienna negotiations on the reduction of the number of troops and armaments in central Europe. U.S. Secretary of State Kissinger formulated the proposal, according to which the number of American atomic warheads located in Western Europe (mostly on FRG territory) would be reduced by about 1,000. Presently about 7,300 warheads are located there. Likewise, the withdrawal of about 29,000 of the 300,000 American soldiers from Western Europe would be considered.

According to the American conditions, in return for this "gesture" the USSR should practically liquidate one of its tank armies and reduce the number of troops in the appropriate area by 68,000 people. The Warsaw Pact states should allegedly accept the demand that the reduction of the number of troops in the second reduction phase to 700,000 men on each side of the reduction sphere concern the total number and not signify any reduction of the armies of individual states. This would reserve for NATO the right to maintain the numerical force of American troops and of the Bundeswehr and instead of reducing them, rather to reduce the number of British, Dutch and Belgian troops or to transfer them to Great Britain. Apart from that, the Warsaw Pact states should allegedly undertake the pledge that their troops would never be effectively stronger than the NATO troops. What role should then be played by the remaining 6,000 nuclear warheads on FRG territory--that is not stated in the Kissinger proposal. However, NATO military circles claim that they cannot do without them, since otherwise their strategy of "flexible response" would allegedly be threatened. This strategy envisages, first, the deployment of conventional weapons, then of tactical nuclear weapons and finally of strategic nuclear weapons.

Of course, the "unique" nature of the Atlantic proposal loses its glamor, according to some observers here, because of a certain political shortcoming: Some time ago the U.S. Congress committed itself to reassessing the storing of the 7,000 nuclear warheads in question--they are mostly obsolete--by 1977 at the latest, so that their "permanent storage" is uncertain as it is. Apart from that, the broad public has been insisting for years that these weapons be removed from Western Europe.

It is possible to get an idea of the sincerity of Kissinger's "unique" proposal for instance from what the military-political commentary of the daily DIE WELT said: "The initiators of the new proposal categorically deny that this would substantially change the attitude of the West and that this would meet halfway the demands of the Warsaw Pact states. Allegedly the principle continues to be valid: to reduce conventional forces of the East, while the West would calmly retain for itself supremacy in atomic weapons for deployment on the battlefield. In any case, the possibility of escalation, on which the Atlantic strategy of 'intimidation' is based, will be maintained," DIE WELT wrote. The Atlantists' notions on the course of the detente were completely illustrated by Federal Minister of Foreign Affairs Genscher. The endeavors aimed at standardization of weapons of NATO member states must allegedly lead to an increase of the pact's striking force and must not be a pretext for a further reduction of its combat forces.

The meeting took place at the headquarters of the party Central Committee. Samdech Norodom Sihanouk was accompanied by his wife, Princess Monique Sihanouk; Sarin Chhak, member of the NUFC Central Committee Politburo and RGNUC minister of foreign affairs; and Keath Chhon, candidate member of the NUFC Central Committee Politburo.

Also present at the meeting were Mehmet Shehu, Politburo member of the party Central Committee and chairman of the Council of Ministers of the Albanian People's Republic; Ramiz Alia, Politburo member and secretary of the party Central Committee; Nexhmije Hoxha, member of the party Central Committee; Nesti Nase, minister of foreign affairs; and Piro Bita, director of the Foreign Affairs Directorate of the party Central Committee. At this meeting the distinguished Cambodian guests were accompanied by Ksenofon Mushi, deputy minister of foreign affairs. During this (?sincere) meeting, Comrade Enver Hoxha and Samdech Norodom Sihanouk had a cordial and friendly talk.

On behalf of the Cambodian fighter, Samdech Norodom Sihanouk offered a symbolic gift, a silver cup produced by the Cambodian fighters during the war, to Comrade Enver Hoxha as a sign of gratitude for the support by the Albanian people for the struggle of the Cambodian people.

#### SHEHU VISITS EARTHQUAKE-STRICKEN AREAS

Tirana Domestic Service in Albanian 1900 GMT 12 Dec 75 AU

[Summary] Unforgettable scenes of revolutionary enthusiasm took place today in the earthquake-stricken areas of Sarande District when the population and volunteers from all over Albania who are working to repair the damage greeted Mehmet Shehu, AWP Central Committee Politburo member and chairman of the Council of Ministers. "He was accompanied by Rrapo Dervishi, member of the AWP Central Committee; Jordan Tani, first secretary of Sarande District party committee; Gago Lula, chairman of Sarande District People's Council Executive Committee, and others."

Mehmet Shehu visited first the village of Cerkovine. He had a cordial talk with the villagers, stressing the party's and Comrade Enver Hoxha's great care for them at all times. He was also informed by the local party organization secretary about the successful elimination of all the damage caused by the earthquake in this village.

Mehmet Shehu then went on to Dhiver village, where he paid visits to cooperativists whose homes have now been rebuilt. Stefan (Qirjako), chief of the staff set up to supervise and coordinate the work, delivered a report at a meeting in the village. He pointed out that to date 99% houses have been rebuilt or repaired and that the stricken families have returned to them. He expressed the hope that the entire damage caused by the earthquake would be repaired much more quickly than was expected. Speeches were also delivered by representatives of the local inhabitants and of the volunteers taking part in the reconstruction.

"Amidst great enthusiasm and ovations for the party and Comrade Enver, the meeting was then addressed by Comrade Mehmet Shehu, who conveyed to the inhabitants of the earthquake-stricken area and to the volunteers helping them greetings from the AWP Central Committee, the Council of Ministers, the General Council of the Albanian Democratic Front and personally from Enver Hoxha, the dear leader of our party and people." Following the meeting, the reconstruction work started again with redoubled efforts and enthusiasm.

## TODOROV SPEECH TO NATIONAL ASSEMBLY SESSION

Sofia RABOTNICHESKO DELO in Bulgarian 5 Dec 75 p 2 AU

[Speech by Stanko Todorov, chairman of the Council of Ministers, to National Assembly 15th session in Sofia on 4 December]

[Text] Comrade National Assembly deputies, the present session of the National Assembly is an event of great national significance. It takes place at a time between two important 5-year periods of the socialist development of Bulgaria, on the eve of the 11th BCP Congress. The work completed at the session reflects the pre-congress spirit and our drive toward new heights in the building of the developed socialist society.

Two important matters demonstrate the importance of the plan now to be adopted. It is the connecting link between two 5-year plans periods--the sixth and the seventh. At the same time it is the beginning of a new approach to planning, which the party has recently worked out and is now implementing. The 1976 plan more fully reflects the objective needs of our society and the directives of the party; it more successfully mobilizes our national resources in the name of man, his welfare and comprehensive development.

Each of our plans has its place in the socialist development of Bulgaria; each one is a step higher in the life of the people and the country. And if today we are able to set ourselves new and bigger tasks, it is because we start from an optimistic reality--the expected successful fulfillment of the 1975 plan and the Sixth 5-Year Plan.

The basic measure for the upward development of any economy is the growth rate of national income. This year it will increase about 9 percent compared with 1974. This is chiefly the result of the increased social labor productivity which secured more than 95 percent of the national income growth.

The high rate was also largely insured by the increase of industrial production which is the leading branch of our economy. We expect a more than 10 percent production increase in the last year of the 5-year plan.

The production of electrical power in the January-October period went up 10 percent compared with the same period last year. Now all the needs of the country are satisfied, which is a prerequisite for the normal supply of electrical power to the national economy and the successful carrying out of the production programs in all branches.

The production of many basic products of the chemical industry has considerably expanded.

Machine-building production increased particularly fast. The party program on the structuring of machine-building, worked out at the ninth party congress, continues to be implemented.

We expect that the plan of the light, food and catering industries, which produced more mass consumer goods, will be overfulfilled.

The year now coming to an end was not a favorable one for agriculture. Chiefly because of this, we will not have the amounts planned for some produce. However, as a result of the timely measures undertaken by the party and the government and thanks to the active participation of the cooperative farmers and mechanizers, the overall agricultural production of the country increased by about 8 percent compared with last year. The results of cattle-breeding are considerably better. It is expected that the plan for the overall production volume will be overfulfilled by 2 percent and larger quantities of meat, milk and eggs have already been secured.



II. 17 Dec 75

YUGOSLAVIA

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## CAMBODIA'S PRINCE SIHANOUK CONTINUES VISIT

Greeted by Tito

Belgrade TANJUG in English 1355 GMT 16 Dec 75 LD

[Text] Brioni, December 16 (TANJUG)--The head of state and president of the National Unity Front of Cambodia (NUFC), Prince Norodom Sihanouk, and his wife Princess Monique arrived here this morning on a friendly visit to Yugoslavia. The head of state of friendly and non-aligned Cambodia was given a formal welcome on the quay in front of Brioni's hotel Istra.

After disembarking from the presidential yacht Podgorica, Norodom Sihanouk and Princess Monique were warmly greeted by President Tito and his wife Jovanka Broz. Then the Cambodian head of state introduced the members of his party to his hosts.

The high visitor and Princess Monique were then greeted by the other high-ranking Yugoslavs in the welcome party on Brioni--vice-president of the Presidency of Yugoslavia Dr Vladimir Bakarić, president of the Assembly of Yugoslavia Kiro Gligorov, president of the Federal Executive Council Dzemal Bijedić, and others.

After the playing of the national anthems of Cambodia and Yugoslavia, President Tito and head of the state of Cambodia Sihanouk inspected the navy guard of honour drawn up on the quay. Soon afterwards, the high visitor and Princess Monique, accompanied by their hosts, drove to villa Brionka, which will be the Cambodian head's of state residence during the stay in Yugoslavia.

This afternoon, Norodom Sihanouk and Princess Monique will call on President Tito and Jovanka Broz in Brioni's White Villa.

This evening, President Tito and his wife are giving a formal dinner in honour of the head of state and president of the National Unity Front of Cambodia, Norodom Sihanouk, and his wife Princess Monique.

Statement to Zagreb TV

Zagreb Domestic Service in Serbo-Croatian 1800 GMT 16 Dec 75 LD

[Text] Norodom Sihanouk, Cambodian head of state and president of the NUFC, who arrived on a friendly visit to Yugoslavia today, this afternoon paid a call on his host, President Tito and his wife, Jovanka, at the White Villa on Brioni. This evening, President Tito and his wife will give a formal dinner in honor of the prominent guest from friendly Cambodia. This afternoon Prince Norodom Sihanouk made the following statement to Zagreb television:

[Voice fading into translation] As for our very friendly relations, I must stress that they are not of a recent date and have always been such since we established friendly relations in the large family of the nonaligned from the first years of existence of the nonaligned movement. President Tito and I met for the first time in Yugoslavia in 1956. Since then, our cooperation in all spheres and our friendship have continuously developed.

During our 5-year war for national liberation from 1970 to 1975, Yugoslavia gave us full support, and from the first days of our struggle President Tito, on behalf of Yugoslavia, declared himself in favor of full support for our just cause. Your country struggled actively and nobly on our side, thus contributing to our triumph and liberation.

On 17 April, we won the final victory, and for this reason our people and government wanted me to come here to express full gratitude to President Tito and your country and people for having always been on our side, for having always been our comrades in arms. I am also greatly honored and it is my duty to convey full gratitude to President Tito and your government, peoples and party. For this reason, we dedicate to President Tito and your peoples our victory, which is at the same time your victory.

In the very near future, we shall have the honor to welcome in our liberated capital, Phnom Penh, your ambassador who will return to Cambodia. We will increasingly develop our cooperation in all spheres as two nonaligned countries, two old and faithful friends. We are very proud to be your friends.

#### Tito Dinner Toast

Belgrade TANJUG Domestic Service in Serbo-Croatian 1927 GMT 16 Dec 75 AU

[Text of toast by President Josip Broz Tito at a formal dinner in honor of Norodom Sihanouk presumably at Brioni on 16 December]

[Text] Your Excellency, esteemed Princess Monique, ladies and gentlemen, comrades:

I warmly greet, on behalf of my wife, my associates and in my own name, the esteemed guests from friendly Cambodia, his excellency Norodom Sihanouk, his esteemed wife, Princess Monique, the members of his family and his esteemed associates. I hope that our high guests will have a pleasant time in Yugoslavia.

Our meetings, dear friend, which go back as early as 1956, have always been permeated by sincerity and mutual understanding. We have always been guided by the wish to contribute as much as possible to useful and friendly cooperation between the two countries and to strengthening peace and international relations on the basis of the principles of independence, equality and noninterference, principles to which Yugoslavia and Cambodia as nonaligned countries firmly adhere.

Also at this moment I remember with pleasure the visit to your beautiful country in 1968 and I would like to thank you and the Cambodian people once again for the friendly welcome and hospitality bestowed on us on that occasion.

I am all the more pleased with our present meeting because it is taking place after the historic victory which the courageous people of Cambodia have won in the struggle for independence and free social development, thus also making a significant contribution to progress and more equitable relations in the world. In this struggle which was imposed on your country by the intervention of imperialist forces from outside, you, dear friend, as head of state and NUFC chairman, have displayed great statesman-like wisdom, patriotism and devotion to the interests of the Cambodian people. By this position and your personal example you inspired the patriots of Cambodia.

Dear guests, you know that from the very beginning the heroic and just struggle of the people of Cambodia met with great sympathy from our peoples and the full support of our country. We were pleased with all your combat feats in the same way as today we are pleased with your every success. We highly appreciate and welcome the efforts which the Royal National Union Government, the NUFC and the people of Cambodia are making to develop their country, new social relations and to strengthen the achievements of your revolutionary struggle.

Such a Cambodia, which is guided in international relations by the principles of nonalignment, makes a great contribution to peace and general progress, not only in the region of Southeast Asia but also in a broader context.

On this occasion, too, I would like to stress that the peoples of Yugoslavia, as they have until now, will cherish and deepen feelings of friendship and solidarity with the people of Cambodia and strive for the closest possible relations between our two countries.

Your visit to Yugoslavia will doubtlessly mean a new stimulus to even more fruitful bilateral cooperation. I am convinced that I share your view, dear friend, that in this way we will also make the best contribution to the implementation of the common goals which link our countries with other nonaligned countries and progressive forces in the world.

While greeting you once again, I raise this glass to the health of your excellency, to the health of your esteemed wife and the members of your family and to the health of your esteemed associates, to the comprehensive progress and prosperity of Cambodia and to the friendship between the peoples of our two countries.

#### Sihanouk Reply

Belgrade TANJUG Domestic Service in Serbo-Croatian 2008 GMT 16 Dec 75 AU

[Text of reply by Norodom Sihanouk to President Tito's toast at a formal dinner in honor of Norodom Sihanouk, at Brioni on 16 December]

[Text] Highly esteemed Mr Marshal, president of the republic:

It is with feelings of great excitement and with great pride that I am today again in your excellency's company. As early as in 1966 you extended most precious friendship, from the first hour of our struggle against the imperialist aggressor and for national salvation of the Cambodian people. You extended full recognition to the legal government of Cambodia, as well as to the Royal Government of the National Union of Cambodia (RNUC), on behalf of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia [SFRY]. This was an unreserved support, complete solidarity and a many-sided assistance with which you have in the greatest possible extent contributed to the victory of our just cause. In this connection, it is necessary to stress the enormous prestige and popularity which you enjoy in the world.

Even at a time when a large part of international public opinion believed that we had no chance to be victorious, because our aggressors and neocolonizers belonged to the richest and the most powerful country of the world, which is known as invincible, your excellency not only adhered to the principle of extending the necessary support to a small people, who became a victim of injustice, but has never doubted throughout the victorious outcome of our struggle. This was a struggle against withdrawing and accepting even the smallest compromise with the aggressor. Mr Marshal, you have been and have remained the most authoritative personality who knows that every just cause always ends with victory. A people, regardless how small it may be in numbers, regardless of how materially weak it may be, is capable of defeating the strongest, the most cruel and the most stubborn conqueror and occupier. This is possible if the people, guided by pure patriotism and awareness of national duty, dare to oppose the enemy and accept all sacrifices.

The example which 30 years ago the very courageous Yugoslav peoples set under your heroic leadership was also present in our country and assured us of the final success in our struggle for national liberation.

Mr Marshal,

When I left Phnom Penh, all the fighters, men and women, as well as all the leaders of liberated Cambodia asked me to convey to you their cordial and deep respect and to assure you that the victory which we have won, and which has no equal in our history of 2,000 years, is at the same time yours and the victory of the entire SFRY.

Mr Marshal, president of the republic, Mrs Broz,

Allow me to express my deep gratitude, the gratitude of my wife, and of the Cambodian delegation for the welcome which you have accorded to us, for the great honor which the Yugoslav people and you personally have accorded us since our arrival in the SFRY. At the same time, we are grateful to you for your exceptional friendship and respect which you demonstrate to the Cambodian people, its NUPC the people's military forces for national liberation, the National Union Government and to the head of state.

Cambodia is very proud of being linked to Yugoslavia with an indestructable friendship and militant solidarity which have insured the victory of our common ideals regarding freedom, justice, peace and progress, as well as the further success of the nonaligned movement. This movement does not cease to spread; nonalignment is the best guarantee of independence and national sovereignty and also is the best, most realistic and most effective contribution to relaxation of international tension. Nonalignment contributes to peaceful coexistence between the rich and poor, big, medium-sized and small peoples and countries of the world.

Mr Marshal, president of the republic, Mrs Broz, excellencies, ladies and gentlemen,

The huge war of 5 years which imperialism as the aggressor had imposed on Cambodia caused enormous losses to our nation (more than 600,000 dead, about 1 million seriously wounded, more than 2 million citizens who lost their homes, villages, cattle and so forth) and enormous destruction to our country [few words indistinct] mainly by shells and bombs of the enemy air force, including intensive and exhaustive air raids by hundreds of B-52 flying fortresses.

However, the Cambodian people remain as courageous in peace as they were at war. Since 17 April 1975--the day of the complete liberation of the homeland and of the capital, Phnom Penh--the Cambodian people with body and soul and with doubled enthusiasm derived from the victory set about the gigantic task of renewing the country and of developing a democratic equal society in which there will be neither exploiters nor exploited, neither rich nor poor, neither social injustice nor social [word indistinct]. Cambodia will have an independent national economy.

After 8 months of strenuous methodical work, our revolutionary people have succeeded in repairing everything that is necessary for the normalization of the social and economic life of the country (roads, bridges, ports, airports, factories) and in providing a new base for the national economy. Thanks to the introduction of irrigation systems in the rice and other fields, it has been possible to double agricultural production compared with the past and also to insure the development of the economy which is based on agriculture and on the natural resources of the country, on our own forces, our own work and our own sacrifices. Under all circumstances we have succeeded in remaining independent masters of our work and our fate.

Immediately after the war our most difficult problems were: food, clothing and medicaments for 7.5 million Cambodians. Making use of the resources of our agriculture and industry [words indistinct] by this we have succeeded in preserving our sovereignty and independence.

To insure lasting sovereignty and independence we have chosen one path forever, the path of nonalignment, as the basis of our policy and relations with foreign countries. Cambodia has sided with socialist Yugoslavia from the very beginning of the nonalignment movement.

Together with all other countries which are in favor of (?revolutionary) truth and progress, Cambodia accepts Marshal Josip Broz Tito as a great hero of all of mankind. As early as in his youth he devoted himself with heart and body to the struggle for the victory of the noblest ideas of all the peoples of the world, thus writing for his homeland [passage indistinct] national history in an admirable way which--if this is altogether necessary--testifies to the real greatness of socialist Yugoslavia, its revolutionary peoples and its highly esteemed and beloved president.

Excellency, ladies and gentlemen, allow me to raise this glass to the health, long life and happiness of his excellency, Marshal Josip Broz Tito and Mrs Broz, to the glory of the SPRY to the progress of the Yugoslav peoples, to the indelible friendship which forever links the Cambodian and Yugoslav peoples.

#### MINIC MEETS INDIA'S CHAVAN AT PARIS CONFERENCE

Belgrade TANJUG in English 1614 GMT 16 Dec 75 LD

[Text] Paris, Dec. 14 (TANJUG)--Miloš Minic, Yugoslavia's federal secretary for foreign affairs and chief Yugoslav delegate to the Paris conference on international economic cooperation, has started diplomatic contacts with chief delegates of the rest of the nineteen developing countries and of the eight developed industrial countries represented at the Paris gathering.

Before the conference was inaugurated, Miloš Minic had a half-an-hour meeting and talk with Chavan, India's minister of external affairs and chief Indian delegate. They talked about matters related to the conference and other topics, it was pointed out. The Yugoslav federal secretary for foreign affairs is expected to resume his talks with the Indian minister of external affairs during the conference.

Federal secretary Minic is also scheduled to meet with Manuel Perez Guerrero, foreign minister of Venezuela and cochairman on behalf of the developing countries of the conference on international economic cooperation, as well as with foreign ministers of several other countries.



## LCY DELEGATION DEPARTS FOR CUBAN CP CONGRESS

Belgrade TANJUG Domestic Service in Serbo-Croatian 0941 GMT 15 Dec 75 LD

[Text] Belgrade--An LCY delegation led by Todo Kurtovic, secretary in the Executive Committee of the Presidium of the LCY Central Committee's Presidium, left for Cuba today, where it will attend the First Congress of the Communist Party of Cuba at the invitation of its Central Committee. The congress will be held from 17 to 23 December in Havana. Kristo Popovoda, member of the LCY Central Committee, is also a member of the delegation.

At Belgrade airport the delegation was seen off by Ali Sukrija, member of the Executive Committee of the LCY Central Committee's Presidium, and Vladislav Obradovic, head of the Department of International Relations of the Presidium.

## HERLJEVIC DEPARTS FOR FRG SECURITY TALKS

Belgrade TANJUG Domestic Service in Serbo-Croatian 0740 GMT 15 Dec 75 LD

[Text] Belgrade--Franjo Herujevic, federal secretary of internal affairs, has left on an official visit to the FRG today at the invitation of Dr Mainhofer, FRG minister of the interior. Herljevic is heading a Yugoslav delegation which will discuss further cooperation in security matters between the two countries.

## SRZENTIC-LED LCY GROUP RETURNS FROM WARSAW

Belgrade TANJUG in English 1936 GMT 13 Dec 75 LD

[Text] Belgrade, Dec. 13, (TANJUG)--A League of Communists of Yugoslavia delegation, headed by Secretary in the League of Communists of Yugoslavia Executive Committee Vojislav Srzentic, returned from Warsaw today. The delegation attended the seventh congress of the Polish United Workers' Party.

## LONG-TERM TRADE PACT SIGNED WITH ALGERIA

Belgrade TANJUG Domestic Service in Serbo-Croatian 1825 GMT 13 Dec 75 LD

[Excerpts] Belgrade--The long-term trade agreement between Yugoslavia and Algeria, signed in Belgrade today, envisages a considerable expansion of trade on the basis of the most privileged treatment possible. The agreement was signed by Bosko Dimitrijevic, member of the Federal Executive Council, and Yaker Layachi, Algerian trade minister. The two ministers had led the delegations of their countries at the eighth regular session of the mixed committee for economic and scientific-technical cooperation between Yugoslavia and Algeria, which ended in Belgrade today.

Bosko Dimitrijevic, member of the Federal Executive Council, and Yaker Layachi, Algerian trade minister, also signed a protocol on trade between the two countries in 1976, which envisages trade worth \$55 million. They also signed a protocol on switching to a convertible system of payment in international trade cooperation.

Positively assessing the mixed committee session, the two delegation heads stressed the significance of the documents they had signed, and expressed the conviction that they would provide a strong incentive for the revival of economic ties between Yugoslavia and Algiers and contribute to the best possible implementation of the guidelines and programs adopted at the fourth nonaligned conference in Algiers.

SIHANOUK FINISHES TOUR; RETURNS TO PRC

Phnom Penh Domestic Service in Cambodian 0400 GMT 29 Dec 75 EK

[Text] The NUFC delegation headed by Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, head of state and chairman of the NUFC, has made state visits to 11 friendly countries.

Accompanied by Madam Monique, RGNUC Foreign Minister Sarin Chhak and alternate member of the Political Bureau of the NUFC Central Committee Keat Chhon, the Cambodian delegation visited the Republic of Iraq from 15 to 17 November, the Syrian Arab Republic from 18 to 21 November, the Democratic Republic of Sudan from 21 to 26 November, the Yemen Arab Republic from 26 to 29 November, the Somali Democratic Republic from 29 November to 2 December, the United Republic of Tanzania from 2 to 5 December, the Republic of Uganda from 5 to 8 December, the People's Republic of Albania from 8 to 11 December, the Socialist Republic of Romania from 11 to 13 December, the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia from 16 to 19 December, and the Islamic Republic of Pakistan from 22 to 25 December. These visits further strengthened the friendship and militant unity between the Cambodian people and the friendly peoples of these 11 countries.

After these victorious state visits, which lasted 1 month and 10 days, the NUFC delegation returned to Peking on 26 December 1975. Vice Premier Teng Hsiao-ping, Vice Premier Li Hsien-nien and other Chinese leading figures, as well as a large number of Chinese people, warmly welcomed the NUFC delegation.