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PRGRSV FOREIGN MINISTRY STATEMENT SUPPORTS RGNUC, NUFK

LIBERATION PRESS AGENCY [Clandestine] in English to East Europe and the Far East 1526 GMT 2 Nov 72 B

[Text] South Vietnam November 2 LPA--The Foreign Ministry of the Republic of South Vietnam today issued a statement fully supporting the Cambodian people and armed forces' determination to persist in and step up their struggle against U.S. aggression, for national salvation.

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The statement reads in full as follows:

Regardless of the world peoples; strong protest, for more than 2 years now, the U.S. imperialists and their Saigon and Bangkok stooges have waged brutal war of aggression against Cambodia and her people. But, the more they involve themselves in this unjust and inhuman war, the heavier the failures the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys sustain, and the more critical their situation.

Under the leadership of the national united front of Kampuchea headed by Samdech head of state Norodom Sihanouk, and with the sympathy and support of the peoples around the world, the sacred fight of the Khmer people against the U.S. aggressors and the Lon Nol-Sikrik Matak-Song Ngoc Thanh clique of traitors has made leaping progress, recorded great victories of strategic significance and completely liberated 85 percent of the Cambodian territory with a population of more than five million. The prestige of the National United Front of Kampuchea and the Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia has been constantly raised on the international arena. Especially in the recent past, responding to the October 5, 1972 appeal of Samdech head of state Norodom Sihanouk and Samdech Premier Penn Nouth and the September 14, 1972 appeals of Vice-Premier Khieu Samphan and Ministers Hu Yuon and Hu Nim, the Cambodian people and armed forces have Jaunched stormy attacks everywhere, inflicted a serious setback on Nixon's policy of "Khmerization of the war" and driven the U.S. aggressors and their henchmen into an unprecedentedly critical situation.

To save themselves from total defeat, the U.S. imperialists and the Lon Nol-Sirik Matak-Son Ngoc Thanh clique have stubbornly intensified the war and resorted to all odious maneuvers aimed at splitting the National United Front of Kampuchea and fooling the Cambodian people and world's public opinion.

However, all the frenzied military adventures taken by the U.S. aggressors and their lackeys have been foiled by the Cambodian people and armed forces, and all their perfidious moves have been exposed and condemned. No brutal scheme, no odious act of the U.S. imperialists can shake the iron-like determination of the Cambodian people to fight the U.S. aggressors and their henchmen till total victory.

The people and the Provisional Revolutionary Government of the Republic of South Vietnam fully support the October 24, 1972 statement of the spokesman of the Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia and resolutely demand that the Nixon administration respect the independence, sovereignty, peace, neutrality and territorial integrity of Cambodia, put an end to all its acts of intervention, aggression and provocation against Cambodia and let the Cambodian people settle their own affairs without foreign interference, on the basis of the March 25, 1972 five-point proclamation of Samdech Head of State Norodom Sihanouk and the political program of the National United Front of Kampuchea.

The people and PRG of the RSV, loyal to the joint declaration of the summit conference of the indochanese peoples now as in the past are determined to enhance further their militant solidarity with the brotherly Cambodian people, totally support the Cambodian people's anti-U.S. resistance for national salvation till total victory.

The people and the PRG of the RSV are firmly corvinced that the noble resistance of the Cambodian people against U.S. aggression, for national salvation will achieve total victory.

LPA COMMENTARY HAILS VIETNAM-CAMBODIAN FRIENDSHIP

LIBERATION PRESS AGENCY [Clandestine] in English to East Europe and the Far East 1552 GMT 31 Oct 72 B

[LPA Commentary: "Warm Welcome to New and Fine Development of Vietnam-Cambodía Friendship"]

[Text] South Vietnam October 31 LPA-The friendship visit of Samdech head of state Norodom Sihanouk, chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea, to the Democratic Republic of Vietnam from October 26 to 28, 1972 was crowned with success. The joint communique on this visit once again reaffirmed the ever lasting solidarity, friendship and mutual trust between the peoples of Vietnam and Cambodia in their fight against the common enemy—the U.S. imperialist aggressors and their henchmen.

The armed forces and people of Cambodia have steadily developed the people's war, dealt smart blows at the Lon Nol puppet army and driven them into confusion, isolation and division right in Phnom Penh capital. The liberated areas of Cambodia have been expanded and consolidated, linking together vast areas of important strategic significance. The people's armed forces have been strengthened and have recorded great victories. The prestige and position of the national united front with Samdech Norodom Sihanouk as chairman and of the Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia with Samdech Penn Nouth as prime minister and Mr Khieu Samphon as vice-premier, have risen high both at home and abroad.

Standing shoulder to shoulder with the Cambodian people, the South Vietnam armed forces and people have in the past 7 months stepped up their offensive and uprisings and recorded very great victories on all fronts, thus seriously defeating the U.S.-puppets! "Vietnamisation of the war" strategy and their "pacification" plan and creating an unprecedented situation favorable to their surely-victorious fight. The armed forces and people in North Vietnam have duly punished the new military adventures of the U.S., heavily defeated the exterminiation war conducted by the Nixon administration and brought to 4,000 the number of U.S. planes downed over the north.

The armed forces and people of Laos for their part have shattered all counter-attacks of the Vientiane puppet army and Thailand mercenaries in their scheme to nibble the liberated areas, wiped out a big portion of the enemy live forces, destroyed a large quantity of war means, and brought their resistance to new and yet greater victories.

The matchless strength of the militant solidarity between the three Indochinese peoples constitutes a firm guarantee for the total victory of the Vietnamese, Lao and Cambodian peoples in their struggle against U.S. aggression, for national salvation.

If the U.S. wants to end in honor its war of aggression and restore peace in Vietnam and Indochina, it has no alternative but to effectively respect the basic national rights of the three Indochinese peoples, settle the Vietnam and Indochina issues in

conformity with the interests and real situation of each country as well as with the common situation in Indochina. The U.S. Government must respond seriously to the October 26, 1927 statement of the Government of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam and October 28, 1972 statement of the Provisional Revolutionary Government of the Republic of South Vietnam on "ending the war and restoring peace in Vietnam," solve the Cambodian problem on the basis of the March 23, 1970 five-point proclamation of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and the political program of the National United Front of Kampuchea and settle the Lao issue on the basis of the March 6, 1970 five-point political solution of the Lao patriotic front.

The South Vietnam people and armed forces warmly welcome the splendid success of the friendship visit of Samdech head of state Norodom Sihanouk to the Democratic Republic of Vietnam and express their sincere gratitude for his deep friendship and militant solidarity manifested to our entire people. This strong support and the continuous victories won by the brotherly Cambodian people and armed forces are a source of precious encouragement for the South Vietnamese people and the PLAF who are resolved to step up their offensive and uprisings and dash forward to win many and more and yet greater successes.

As a time-honored and close neighbor and companion-in-arms standing in the same anti-U.S. combat trench of the Cambodia people and armed forces, the South Vietnam people and PLAF, together with the people throughout the country, are determined to support unswervingly the great struggle of the Cambodian people as well as of the Lao people. They pledge to stand shoulder to shoulder with the Lao fraternal peoples so as to bring the fight of each country for independence and freedom to total victory, and completely defeat the "Nixon doctrine" applied in the Indochinese peninsula.

S. VIETNAMESE DENOUNCE THIEU, U.S. OPPOSITION TO PEACE

People Denounce Thieu

LIBERATION PRESS AGENCY [Clandestine] in English to East Europe and the Far East 1545 GMT 2 Nov 72 B

[Text] South Vietnam November 2nd LPA--In the past few days, the people and Saigon soldiers stationed in My Tho, Hau Nghia, Long An and Long Xuyen provincial capitals indignantly condemned Thieu for his frenzied opposition to the restoration of peace in Vietnam.

On October 30, the people in My Tho city and its outskirts held meetings warmly welcoming the stand for peace and national concord of the DRV Government and the PRG of the Republic of South Vietnam.

Pupils and teachers of high schools in the city held teachings and meetings sternly condemning Thieu's criminal scheme of carrying on the war.

Many Saigon soldiers and officers stationed in Nguyen Tri Phuong and Ly Thuong Kiet streets, and in the Hung Vuong military training center together with the local people publicly welcomed the goodwill of the PRG and the DRV Government and condemned the double-dealing and obduracy of the U.S. and Thieu. Several puppet officers in face of Thieu's obstinacy and warseeking attitude publicly declared their disapproval.

The same day, soldiers of the 205th and 872nd "Civil Guard" companies, while refusing to carry out clearing operations in the surroundings of My Tho city, told their commanders that they did not want to commit more crimes against the people. The 202nd "Civil Guard" Battalion collectively staged combat duty.

On October 27 and 28, Saigon soldiers, officers and functionaries in Hau Nghia and Long An cities, together with the local people openly discussed and manifested their support for the peace stand of the DRV Government and the PRG.

In Long Xuyen city, An Giang Province, many soldiers and officers publicly condemned the U.S. double-dealing and Thieu's bellicose attitude. A captain told his soldiers: "If Thieu refuses to sign the peace agreement, then let him fight alone."

Last October he staged the "one-man election." This October he will have to wage a "one-man fight."

In Long Xuyen market, when puppet spy=war [as received] agents blared out that "peace will not come with a three-segment government," the local people and many "popular defence" members and Saigon soldiers shouted back: "Peace can be achieved only with the NFL and the three-segment government of national concord!"

U.S. 'Double-Cross' Denounced

LIBERATION PRESS AGENCY [Clandestine] in English to East Europe and the Far East 1553 GMT 2 Nov $72~\mathrm{B}$

[Text] South Vietnam November 2nd LPA--The representative committee of the Provisional Revolutionary Government in Western Nam Bo October 30 issued a statement condemning the U.S. double-crossing in the question of signing the draft agreement on the ending of the war and restoring peace in Vietnam.

The statement said:

"The Nixon administration's double-crossing has exposed the U.S. dark design to drag out the talks so as to fool U.S. voters and public opinion in the world in a bid to maintain the Thieu administration and use it as an instrument to continue and prolong the war of aggression in Vietnam."

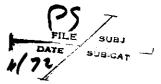
On the same day, Mr Son Wang, a Khmer-born cadre spoke to a Liberation Radio correspondent: "Together with the people across the country, Buddhist monks and nuns and Khmer-born nationals living in South Vietnam have resisted the U.S. imperialists for 27 years. We have enough strength to fight for many more years till we have achieved real peace and independence."

More than 10,000 cadres, combatants and people in the provinces of Tay Nih, Can Tho and Ca Mau on October 31 held meetings condemning the Nixon administration's bad faith and double-dealing and expressing their support for the stand of the PRGRSV and the DRV Government. The resolution adopted at a meeting held in Can Tho Province said:
"The people in Can Tho Province have made many sacrifices and endured enormous hardships and trials in the anti-U.S. resistance for national salvation. But so long as our fundamental objectives have not materialized and so long as the U.S. continues to stick to its scheme of aggression against Vietnam and refuses to stop backing the Thieu puppet administration, instead, persists in using it as an instrument to carry out U.S. neo-colonialism in Vietnam, the people and liberation armed forces in Can Tho Province together with their countrymen across the country will carry on the fight with arms in hands."

SAIGON COMMENTARY CRITICIZES SUPPORTERS OF CEASE-FIRE

Saigon Domestic Service in Vietnamese 2000 GMT 2 Nov 72 S

[Untitled commentary]



[Text] Dear listeners, in a message addressed to all the compatricts and combatants on the occasion of National Day--1 November--President Nguyen Van Thieu, the chief of state and also the commander in chief of the ARVN, again firmly told the irresponsible and naive elements, who criticized him for being an impediment to peace: "Mr Thieu is not the only person in the south to oppose a cease-fire and peace solution conducive to a surrender to the communists and the loss of the south, but there are as many as 17.5 voice and the same stand and who are opposing such a cease-fire and peace solution." He said: "In the south, Mr Thieu is not the only impediment to a peace solution conducive to a surrender to the communists, such as the peace solution put forth by a shameful peace solution."

The national leader once more and once and for all wanted to give an unequivocal answer to the stubborn elements who obdurately refused to see the evil design of the communist leaders when they put forth a solution aimed at making the south gradually red and after they had failed disastrously in their scheme to make the entire country red through force. Under their own names and those of their organizations, these elements have deliberately conducted a campaign, sometime overt and sometimes covert, arguments. These elements have intentionally fabricated a long story to justify their reasoning and have especially pretended to be deaf and dumb in the face of the maneuvers concocted by the communists in their so-called nine-point draft agreement put forth on 26 October 1972.

These dishonest elements are those who want to sell out both the bodies and souls of 17.5 million southern people to the communist aggressors. They are those who have systematically lent a helping hand to the people's enemy in an attempt to offer all of this remaining free land to the communists. In other words, these elements are like children who try to smash the judgment of an adult and only listen blindly to what the communists say and support what they do. More precisely, these elements are nothing but the lackeys of the communists. Many of these elements, who have even identified themselves and boasted about their social positions, inconsiderately slander President Nguyen Thieu and our people who love peace in freedom. These people cannot realize that the more they talk, the more clearly their faces as low-class

In the protracted fight against aggression and especially in the sacred phase of the anticommunist resistance of the entire southern army and people in the past 18 years, this is not the first time that the communists have exposed their cheating face. This is the several thousandth time that the communists have exposed their crafty tricks after they signed the 1954 Geneva agreement only to violate it shortly afterward.

However, the big disasters, such as the Man Than Tet event in 1968 or the overt armed magnession which began 7 months ago, have been unable to open the eyes of those who that offer others. Some people call these elements blind chickens. To put it more discussed as a call these elements blind mice rummaging around the colonialists of the remains of their meals.

When the communists promise these elements something, no matter how absurd it may be they hurriedly run to and fro in the hope of making profits [words indistinct]. To put it more precisely, these elements want to be in the third-segment bloc in the hope of being designated as provisional prime minister, minister, deputy or senator for 5 or 7 months, instead of being in the opposition camp, leading a miserable life or hiding behind the unfortunate Europe and American politicians in Paris and Washington.

Some people have talked about their integrity. In so doing, people still love them too much, for what man calls integrity has been peddled by these men for a long time, their bad luck is that they have sold their integrity at so cheap a price, having good educations, backgrounds and names and positions, they could have achieved great things for themselves.

Since the fighting reached a violent stage and since the political whirlwind started blowing with a massive force, a great deal of rubbish has emerged here in this land as well as in other hiding places, just as rubbish emerges when flood waters recede. The government, all the people and the entire army in the south have tried to clear it, but the broom was applied so lightly that only the exposed part of the rubbish was swept away.

If we ask ourselves whether now is the time for us to use a strong hand or not, the answer is that at this extremely criticial stage that will decide the life and death of the 17.5 million people and troops in the south, each one among us must do what has to be done. This means that we should pour a whole bottle of 90 percent alcohol on our wound to completely kill the virulent bacteria that are decomposing our flesh and bones rather than reduce the pain by applying mercurochrome day after day. Once and for all, we must resolutely destroy those who use the fatherland to serve their individual gains and use the lives of more than 10 million compatriots to build their fame and wealth. It is rather late for us to do so at the present time, but it is still better late than never. The communists sacrificed a whole generation to consolidate the position of their cunning and wicked clique. Today, if we sacrifice some rubbish elements for the survival of a whole nation, this, in our humble opinion, is only an insignificant price to pay.

In his 2-hour speech that entered directly into the people's hearts on the evening of 24 October, President Nguyen Van Thieu, our national leader, issued the order to shoot at sight all deserters, hooligans and draft-dodgers—the elements which the communists are prepared to exploit in order to disrupt security and public order and threaten the lives of all compatriots in the phase considered by the communists as the twilight period of a cease—fire. President Thieu stated that the lives of our countrymen are much more important than that of these notorious elements. To the onlooker, the question arises as to why President Thieu's order to shoot the hooligans should not be applied to the communist lackeys, the elements fishing in troubled waters and to those who are plotting to sell this land together with the souls and bodies of 17.5 million South Vietnamese people to the communists.

A wire service yesterday dispatched a statement by Sargent Shriver, the U.S. vice presidential candidate on McGovern's Democratic Party ticket. Mr Shriver said: The draft agreement on cease-fire and restoration of peace announced by the North Vietnamese communists is so inadequate and crafty that if I were President Thieu, I would not sign it. Before thousands of U.S. university students in Oregon, Mr Shriver elaborated:

No one would allow hundreds of thousands of enemy troops to remain in his country when signing a cease-fire and no one would believe in the stability of a three-segment structure proposed by the communists.

From the rosition of a man who has strongly attacked the U.S. Government of President Nixon and criticized President Nguyen Van Thieu by name in the rast few months, Sargent Shriver now has changed his direction when faced with the communist's crafty schemes. Some people now consider Shriver as wise because he has been able to keep abreast of the situation.

Is it possible, then, that the 17.5 million South Vietnamese people and troops will have a chance to see more wise men among the pile of rubbish we have just mentioned?

S. VIETNAM'S FATE SEEN DEPENDING ON PEOPLE

Saigon Domestic Service in Vietnamese 2300 GMT 30 Oct 72 S

[Untitled commentary]

[Text] We are now in a fierce and decisive phase for our country's survival. In their political battle strategy the communists have tried their best to deal numerous blows and have even [word indistinct] to the United States with a view to salvaging anything they can. What does this country's glorious survival or shameful loss depend on? Doesn't it depend on the 17.5 million South Vietnamese people?

Let everyone look to South Vietnam to see that, in the face of all ambitions of annexation and schemes of imposing a prefabricated solution, we, the South Vietnamese, have proudly united into one block, swearing to nip all these ambitions and schemes in the bud. Our lives are connected with this country. We can die for the country's survival, but we cannot survive if the country is lost, because blood cannot circulate outside the arteries.

Now there is no other part of South Vietnam where our 17.5 million southern people can emigrate to. Moreover, we do not want to be nomads, wandering here and there. For this reason, at a moment when the country's fate is endangered, there are no longer many different voices in South Vietnam because we all have united and manifested our single-mindedness through our steel-like will and iron-like strength to resist the aggressors. In 16 years of fierce war flames, we have gained experience and learned many historic lessons at the cost of our blood and bones. Let the entire world look to South Vietnam to see how we are united and what we are doing. We have not begged for peace. We have not bowed our heads or kneeled before either our friends or our foes to accept their arrangements regarding our fate. We have not allowed them to (?replace) us in deciding our own fate.

Each nation has its pride. We are proud of our 4,000-year tradition of bearing no disgrace. We have allowed no one to humiliate us. For this reason, no scheme can be achieved without our consent. Many of our people have sacrificed their lives in this country. But those dead and those who are alive both refused to kneel. Our people have patiently endured all hardships, but have never agreed to bear disgrace.

The communists have devoted all their resources to this war. After many years of war and over the past 7 months what have they obtained?

Nothing but the fact that they have become exhausted and all their potential and resources have been destroyed. What at present is their only hope of victory? They are expecting that our ally will abandon us and are begging their masters to force our ally to sell us out to them. They have humiliated themselves by imploring our ally to betray its commitments to us by accepting their demands.

However, any agreement between them and our ally, whether [words indistinct], has absolutely no effect on the South Vietnamese people, because our unswerving stand is to strive to achieve peace through a cease-fire solution, according to which all the North Vietnamese expeditionary troops, including more than 200,000 in the south, 70,000 or 80,000 in Laos and 70,000 or 80,000 in Cambodia, are withdrawn to the north and without North Vietnamese interference and disruption of other peoples'

The aggressors must end their aggression. This is an undeniable principle to end the war and restore peace. There is no other rational, correct principle.

Amid the hot atmosphere of current political developments, one must pay attention to this event: From the villages and hamlets in the countryside to the wards and clusters in the cities, and from the rich people's houses to the common people's huts, South Vietnam flags are fluttering on all homes and vehicles. We are living under our flags. Our flags are protecting us, and vice versa. This is in response to our government's appeal to great National Day, 1 November. However, in another way this is a strong manifestation of our 17.5 million southern people's morale, will and sense of responsibility for the country's survival.

In addition to joyous fluttering flags, slogans are seen everywhere like blood-written pledges deeply engraved in our heart and in each inch of soil of our unfortunate country.

We do not accept communism. We oppose all prefabricated solutions. The RVN's right to self-determination must be respected. That is our stand, our raison d'etre, which no force or trick can destroy. Nor can any solution or agreement go counter to our stand and raison d'etre.

Our spirit glows like our flags from the city to rural areas. Our national pride today is gladdened with our flags of victory. Our sacred national flag has gradually come back with our troops to our former lands. They have come back to Quang Tri, Que Son, Ba To and Dakto, a piece of land hidden in the triborder mountain region.

At 1355 yesterday the valiant combatants of the 23d Infantry Division, who are famous for their victories in various areas, came back to Dakto to hoist a flag over the district office. They have recaptured lost territory, wiped out the enemy and have correctly implemented the order of the president, the supreme commander of our armed forces, that is, that the combatants should develop their initiative, exploit their victories and take advantage of their victories to surge forward to wipe out the enemy and step up the offensive everywhere.

While scoring glorious achievements in pacification and development we have constantly held the initiative. We persist in fighting the aggressors militarily, politically and in pacification and development, annihilating the enemy's infrastructure, stabilizing the localities and instilling an iron-like confidence among all the people so they can contribute to building a bright future.

L 6 SOUTH VIETNAM

IV. 3 Nov 72

We have regained control of Dakto. We will soon retake a few other remote areas. This testifies to the communists' exhaustion, despite their strenuous efforts to create military repercussions to support their political front.

It is crystal clear that the communists cannot defeat us. However, we would court defeat if we lacked single-mindedness, unanimity, vigilance, clear-sightedness, a clear-cut attitude and resolve in the face of all the devilish schemes of both friend and foe.

However, on the basis of the present facts and developments, who dares question the southerners' unity and united action? Who dares question the southerners' efforts to overcome the present period of stringent trials? The answers of the 17.5 million southern armed forces and people can be found in the sight of our flags fluttering on the frontline as well as in the rear base.