Documents in Cambodian originated by officials of "the United Kampuchea Front" April 19 to May 1, 1970

FILE SUBJ.

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Hamlet 10/8, 19 April 1970

MOTION OF SUPPORT

055011

We, inhabitants of Hamlet 10/8, pledge to fully support the "United Kampuchea Front" until final victory. Here under is the list of our names:

No.	Name	No.	Name		
1	So Phum	37	E - Im		
2	Dum Meng	38	Neang Sum Pean		
3	Yos Ti	39	Pom Soeum		
4	Mung Youn	40	Put Seng		
5	Pouv Kim	41	Sak Sinne		
6	Leang Yon	42	Hak Seang Eng		
7	Em Min	43	Yn Sun		
8	Khieu Mun	44	Neang Phu Mon		
9	Nn - Ni	45	Ti Sai		
10	Um Yen	46	Nam Neang		
11	Phing Shhai	47	Tit Pum		
12	Chia Khon	48	Mi Chhen		
13	Neang Chum Yoeum	49	Men Khuon		
14	Lau Ly	50	Tit Hin		
15	Sok Khmau	51	Neang Va Thol		
16	Lok Som Un	52	Cheng Vat		
17	Nhem Heng Ly	53	It Kop		
18	Leng Kim Hean	54	Neang Chan Sokhum		
19	Neang Van Pha	55	Neang Sean		
20	Chum Chenh	56	Neang Kisari		
21	Chin Chhean	57	Meas Sim		
22	Neang Kim Sakoun	58	Chhuk Khmau		
23	Thou Kul	59	Chan Vong		
24	Phok Meas	60	O - In		
25	Phu Bao	61	Chia Len		
26	Som Chhuon	62	Nuon-Ok		
27	Tit Sun	63	Hong Hak		
28	Khlok Roeung	64	Neang Mam Saphon		
29	Mao Chap	65	Nhok An		
30	Mu Sun Eong	66	Nam Chan Tha		
31	Suon Sokhum	67	Chim Phum		
32	Neang Nu Yon	68	Nop Ket		
33	Neang Sok Saroeun	69	Kheang Chheang		
34	Neang Hel Sarin	70	Tip Tean		
35	Sun S'nt	71	In-Ean		
36	Puch Chum	72	Chum Chhan		

No.	Name	No.	Name Neang Pan Yen		
73	Nguon San	116			
74	Ros Savong	117	Van Samoeun		
75	Yok Khul	118	Chia Ren		
76	Neang Kheng Pe	119	Į.		
77	Chum Eng Li	120	Pres - Un		
78	Neang Ros Sarum	121	Sin Chhe		
79	Khlok Yan	122	Neang Sui Hnon		
80	Nuon Knoch	123			
81	Yu - Yan	124	-		
82	Un Kin Sang	125	Neang Chrey Sarum		
83	Sok Setha	126	Meas Hel		
84	Nhem Heng Leang	127	Pe Nhok		
85	Neang Man Sokhon	128	Man Sai		
86	Khuon Duong	129	Chung Kan		
87	U - Sok	130	Neang Put Kim Lang		
88	Phok Pha	131	Neang Seap Siheng		
89	Hel Chim	132	Chhum Moeum		
90	Neang Youn Ni	133	Tran Kak		
91	Neang Chheang Sarum	134	Ly Len		
92	Neang Phai Chim	135	Ros Souphan		
93	Va Soun	136	Nut Nhum		
94	Neang Pen Boyi	137	Phok Phoon		
95	Neang Chim Im	138	Neang Pil Tup		
96	Neang Chheang Saroeun	139	Hui Som Rit		
7	Hin Min	140	Ney Soi		
98	Youn Som Oeun	141	Leng Lo		
99	Kong Somphun	142	Phok El		
oo	Pon Hun	143	Yook Ul		
01	Neang Man Mali	144	Hum Moeun		
02	Tup Sui	145	Tuch Chin		
03	Som Sea	146	Neang Ly Vanni		
04	Kui Sarim	147	Neang Khum Saphan		
05	Chap Chan	148	Neang Chan Samoeun		
6	Sek Son	149	Neang Sang Him		
07	Long Un	150	Neang Chum Roeum		
8	Ni Kik	151	Neang Va Rum		
9	Sou Yon	152	Neang San Leng		
ιό	Meas Khlong	153	Neang Nu Thol		
11	Pin Sak	154	Neang Ret Chanla		
12	On Ri	155	Neang In-Nat		
13	Nu Nin	156	Siu Sem		
14	Kavi Voha	157	Neang Kin Un		
15	Teav Sok	158	Nguon Sari		

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Made on April , 1970

In case you need something, please send us the request by mail. Thank you.

Sincerely yours

(Signature)

PICH-AN

PHKAR RUM - CHEK

Mr. HEA-HUA Zone 2.

It is a long time I have not seen you. Nor have I received any letter from you. But I want to tell you that I shall see you one day. My kind regards to Mr. San. Please tell him that I am so busy that I cannot go and see him myself.

(Signature)

PICH-AN

- [O. T. Page 16 full page]: Only the word "Cam" which means INTERDICTION
- [O.T. Page 17]: Only the words "Dung bat" which mean DON'T ARREST, PLEASE and "XIN DUNG VAO" which mean DON'T ENTER, PLEASE
- [O.T. Page 18: Same as page 17]

Composition of the Hamlet United Front Committee:

- 1. Chairman (in charge of political matters)
- 2. Vice Chairman (in charge of military matters)
- 3. Secretary (in charge of information he is responsible for making reports on the situation in the hamlet, and these reports must be submitted to higher echelon authorities).

Composition of the Khum (village) United Front Committee:

- 1. Chairman (in charge of political matters)
- 2. Vice Chairman (in charge of military matters)
- 3. Member No. 1 (in charge of economic matters)
- 4. Member No. 2 (in charge of cultural matters)
- 5. Member No. 3 (in charge of social matters)
- 6. Member No. 4 (in charge of religious matters)
- 7. Member No. 5 (in charge of women's matters)

MEETINGS

Hamlet 15 held a meeting once (review of past achievements, drafting new projects and electing a new committee)

Khum (village) 15 held a meeting once.

Khum 35 (?) held a meeting once (review of past achievements, drafting new projects and electing a new committee - reporting to higher authorities).

April 18, 1970

This document is to be temporarily used pending the issuance of the official Regulations in a very near future.

NATIONAL UNITED FRONT (Phrar - Rum - Chek)

- D Standpoint: Situation of the country
 - A) Requests:

- 1) We want victory for our side
- 2) How to hold firm our new job

B) Cause of the coup d'etat

- l. The plan for a coup d'etat has been made for a long time. Lon Nol and Sirik Matak were living very closely to Samdech-Ouv [Sihanouk], but they plotted to overthrow him. This plot had been made for a long time with the aim at seizing power and consolidating their own party. Specially in military matters, they wanted to take over the whole national apparatus, oppress the patriotic elements, destroy the national finance and other utilities which the nation has created and at the same time sabotage all the developing institutions.
- 2. Because the American imperialists suffer heavy defeat in Viet-Nam and Laos, they want to transform this war into a civil war.
- 3. Because the liberation struggle movement is getting stronger, the American imperialists have to use every possible means to destroy all anti-American movements which are developing to the highest point, and they are maneuvering to occupy Kampuchea with new methods.

C) The defeats of the enemy

- l. The American imperialists want to intensify the war because they think that by so doing they will score final victory, but on the contrary they will be completely defeated.
- 2. The American imperialists are now defeated in Viet-Nam. For this reason, they have to resort to a coup d'etat in Kampuchea. But this coup d'etat has been staged in so fast a way, so that only eight days after it, the Khmer people everywhere have risen up to oppose the government which they supported, and as a result, no one supports the coup d'etat at all, and now Lon Nol and Sirik Matak have become isolated from the people and the world.
- 3. After March 18, 1970, the Communist Party of Kampuchea has developed very strongly among all the strata of people inside the country and abroad. As everyone knows it well,

the Communist Party of Kampuchea have always said right things and done right things too (justice of the Party).

- 4. The soldiers of Lon Nol don't know now for whom and against whom they are fighting, and therefore they only know to oppress, exploit and extort money at will.
- 5. The demonstrations of 26, 27 and 28 [document does not specify the month, probably March] are very successful and one can say there have been no such great demonstrations in history. This is due to the influence of Samdech Sihanouk among the gentle, poor compatriots.
 - yesterday, only with empty hands the demonstrations have already scored brilliant successes
 - now, with weapons in hand, we are certain to win
 - the present government is but a one-side government (completely under the American imperialists)
 - We are now on the road to victory (what we do in one month is equivalent to what others do in ten years).

E) Our hope

The American imperialists will cope with many difficulties and they can also cajole and exhort Lon Nol's soldiers to follow them. But with the skillful leadership of the Party in the people's guidance, with its military superiority and its plentiful rear base areas, we will be able to overcome every difficulty and challenge.

II. - Our common mission:

The people must be united closely in one bloc to knock down the American imperialists and their lackeys Lon Nol and Sirik Matak through political means and by the weapons so as to bring effectively independence, neutrality and happiness to our compatriots.

To attain this goal, our compatriots should comply with the appeal by Samdech Norodom Sihanouk.

- Long live Samdech-Ouv.
- We place our hope in Samdech-Ouv.

III. - Practical missions

- 1. Consolidation of the Front
- 2. Organization of armed forces in all the three classes of people.
- 3. Pushing strongly forward the political and military action in order to attain more quickly the objective of overthrow of the present Lon Nol government, to seize power and to organize the people's ranks by drawing experience from the recent demonstrations.

IV. - Immediate tasks

- To push strongly forward the struggle movement among the masses by putting forth the past achievements of our people in the struggle against the French colonialists;
- To show clearly the important objectives of our organization so as to attract the people to participate in it in large numbers.
- In the past few years, living under a real neutralist regime our compatriots know perfectly who is loyal to the fatherland and who betrays it.

Following these lines of conduct, our compatriots should choose a "purely honest" man to rule the country, and they should eliminate any "dirty" element because this man is only interested in doing harm to everyone and everything.

- All the people are experienced in their challenge with the enemy, especially in the recent demonstrations which may help our compatriots see clearly the enemy's weakness and our strength.

The Front Committee at the hamlet-khum and the duties of the Front Committee

A. - Providing guidance to the compatriots so that they will be united into a sole bloc to rise up and overthrow the Lon Nol-Sirik Matak government.

B. - Organization:

- Exhorting all the people to join the Front.
- Exhorting the people to participate in the demonstrations (destroying the supplies and shouting aloud slogans against the Lon Nol clique and their lackeys.
- Giving assistance to the Front soldiers and their families. Presenting claims vis-a-vis the enemy soldiers.

Commander-in-Chief of the United Kampuchea Front

I, Commander-in-Chief of the DOM-ME zone, am very happy to hear that you have prevented the soldiers from escaping so that they can stay on to serve our country. Now, I have received the news concerning the escape from the Front of a soldier named KHUON-REAM and his clique at the hamlet. I want to inform you that before these fellows escaped, I had written a letter to him. This letter was sent by his men. In the letter I told him to try to escape. Now he has escaped, and came back safely.

As Commander-in-Chief of the Front in the same army with you, please let all these men return to their former residence so they can spend their normal life as before.

May 1, 1970

Comrade Commander-in-Chief

YU-THUN

(Signature)

AFFIDAVIT

I, Chairman of the Front at Pra-Theat Subzone, want to confirm that NEANG SAMIT, wife of soldier KHUON REAM in Mimot outpost, has called on me to ask for the permission to let her husband come back, because she has obtained from her husband KHUON REAM the confession that he has been misled and he is now determined to be loyal to the Front after rallying with all his men in carrying back their weapons with them. The Chairman of Thbong Khmum subzone has agreed to let Neang Samit to welcome her husband back. But bombs were dropped into Mimot on the very day when Neang Samit went. The Front was active along the road leading to Mimot and therefore nobody was allowed to enter the area to prevent eventual deaths to pedestrians. That is why she could not come to Mimot. Two days later, all the soldiers in Mimot fled away but we have been informed that KHUON REAM had been asked by the comrades of the Front to stay.

For this reason I want to confirm that KHUON REAM has been enlightened and agrees to come back to serve the Kampuchea United Front. He is a sincere man, and because he lives far away he has been unable to contact us in time thus causing some delay in his escape.

Relying on my above-mentioned statement, I request the Kampuchea United Front to provide assistance to KHUON REAM so he can rejoin his family at Pratheat hamlet.

Hereunder are the fingerprints of the inhabitants of this hamlet who agree to let KHUON REAM come back home, and the affidavit of the Chairman of the Front at the Khum.

(Signature)

Chairman of the Front at the Hamlet

Fingerprints of the people [visible on Cambodian original]

1.	Di Sung	7.	Im Ut	13.	Seng Sai	19.	Roon
2.	Meah Hearg	8.	Giao Duk	14.	To Lon	20.	Kuoy
3.	Loeum Veng Nam	9.	Kong Ma	15.	Bit Sum	21.	Sun
4.	Minh Tuon Ouk	10.	Ang Sang	16.	Ung Keo	22.	Tri
	Tuon Min Din	11.	Dieng Heng	17.	Chuon Sum	23.	Ba Sam Bua
6.	Chhean Yeay	12.	Sot Nhem	18.	Dum Pauv	24.	Tai Ken
••						25.	Suong Phon

The Chairman of Khum Srakap has approved the request Khum Srakap May 1, 1970 Chairman of Pin-Yan subzone (signature)